D-10-1 Thomas Royal (7). Ann Royal (D-8-1) was the daughter of Thomas Royal and Sarah. They had the following children.\textsuperscript{1,15} Ref 15, p246-250.

1. Wilson Royal 1825 − 1871
2. *Ann Royal 2/12/1827 − 8/15/1905
3. John Jackson (Jack) Royal 7/7/1829 − 4/6/1865

The 1820 Ashe Co, NC, census lists Thomas Rial (age 18-26) with one female (age 16-26).\textsuperscript{1,15}

The 1830 Wilkes Co, NC, census includes the family of Thomas Royal (p370) with two males (under 5), one male (30-40), one female (under 5), and one female (30-40).\textsuperscript{1,15,277}

This family was skipped in the 1840 census.\textsuperscript{15} However, Thomas was probably still in Wilkes since the court records of 1841-1842 contain a civil suit: Jacob Hopper vs. Thomas Royal. Thomas was fined $12, but appealed the ruling.\textsuperscript{15}

The 1850 Ashe Co census lists them in house #179/179: Thos. Royal (55, miller), Rosanna (55), and Thomas (13). His real estate was valued at $25.\textsuperscript{113} Rosanna Sanders was probably his third wife. Thomas may be the orphan of John Royal, deceased.\textsuperscript{15}

The 1860 Alleghany Co census lists them in Elk Creek, p30, #222/193: Thos. Royal (64, shoemaker, born VA) and Rosan (62, illiterate, born NC).\textsuperscript{15,212}

They are listed in the 1870 Alleghany Co, NC, census, Sparta Township, house #19/19: Thomas Royal (75, farmer) and Rosanna (75). Both of them were born in NC. Their real estate was valued at $200.\textsuperscript{113}

The 11/8/1934 issue of The Alleghany Times includes this article:\textsuperscript{244}

\textit{Royalls Hold Reunion Sunday}

The ancient Thomas Royall homeplace, near Roaring Gap was the scene Sunday of a family reunion and home-coming event which drew a great throng of the family connection and friends.

A sermon by the Rev. Mr. Miles was the initial feature of the morning program which held the congregation in rapt attention.

Afterward Dr. Miles A. Royall, of Elkin, chief speaker of the occasion gave a stirring address in which was reviewed the genealogy of this stirring family which came over to American soil from England in the early ages to seek relief from persecution, and enjoy the liberty for which America has long been famous.

Dr. Royall gave extracts of family information gleaned some time ago in an interview with Dr. Royal C. Copeland, a connection of the clan, while he was on a visit to Raleigh. He reviewed the splendid characteristics of this branch of the family, whose pioneer ancestors chose to settle in the remoteness of the mountains and whose descendants have continued to cling to the more secluded hills.
A basket dinner, served from a long table, in the grove, was enjoyed. The reunion will be continued as an annual event, and will be held a year hence at Center church in Yadkin county.

1. Wilson married Martha Anders in Ashe Co. He voluntarily enlisted in the Confederate Army on 1/14/1864 in Co I, 61st Reg. He was captured on 6/16/1864 near Petersburg, VA. He was later transferred to the POW camp at Elmira, NY, on 7/23/1864. On the December 1864 muster roll he is listed as having “deserted to enemy”. He was released from the camp after taking an oath of allegiance.

2. Ann married Richard Sanders about 1842. They are buried at Antioch Prim Bap Ch. They are buried at Antioch Prim Bap Ch.

3. Jack married Jane Atwood on 8/12/1849 at her father’s residence on Elkin’s Creek. He enlisted for Mexican War service on 2/25/1848 in Co K, 6th TN Reg and was released at the end of the war that August. They moved to Casey Co, KY in 1860. According to his military service, he was 5’ 11½” tall, dark complexion, auburn hair, with gray eyes. He enlisted in the Union Army at Liberty, KY, on 7/23/1862 for three years, eventually being assigned as a private in Co. G, 6th KY Volunteers. He was soon promoted to second, then first sergeant. In 1865 his regiment was asked to take the offensive against Confederate General Johnston in AL. On 4/6/1865, the Confederates attacked the left flank of his company, killing two officers and 32 privates, including Jack. He died at Sispey Creek, AL. 119 years after his death, a stone was placed in his honor at Arlington National Cemetery.

By 1850 Thomas Royal had taken a new wife Rosanna Sanders. His first wife Sarah moved in with daughter Ann and her family. Ann’s husband Richard Sanders was Rosanna’s son. Sarah lived there “until her death at age 92 years (probably 1892)”. She is buried at Antioch Prim Bap Ch where her headstone reads “Sarah Royal, birth and death unknown, age about 92 years”.

D-10-2 Joseph Royal (8). Thomas Royal was the son of Joseph Royal and Elizabeth Thomas. They had the following children.

1. *Thomas Royal  8/30/1795 -  1/ 8/1877
2. Elizabeth Royal  1798 -
3. Nancy Royal
4. John Royal
6. Jane Royal
7. Martha Royal
8. Mary (Polly) Royal  1816 -
The 1799 Mecklenburg Co, VA, Tax List A includes **Joseph Royall** on p27, taxed on May 13 with one white tithe, no blacks, and no horses or colts.\(^{459}\)

They lived in Mecklenburg Co, VA, until 1807 when they moved to Surry Co, NC.\(^{15}\) **Joseph Royal** appeared on the Surry Co, NC, tax list from 1807 to 1818, with them living in the Deep Creek area.\(^{15}\)

The 1810 Surry Co census includes the family of **Joseph Royal** with one male (under 10), one male (10-16), one male (26-45), two females (under 10), two females (10-16), and one female (26-45).\(^{15,212}\)

In 1818, **Joseph** moved to Wilkes Co, NC, where he purchased land near Dam Creek (Wilkes Co DB Z, p185).\(^{15}\)

The 1820 Wilkes Co census includes the family of **Joseph Royal** with three males (under 10), one male (over 45), two females (under 10), one female (10-16), and one female (26-45).\(^{276}\) He was listed in the Wilkes Co tax list in 1820, but soon moved on to Ashe Co, NC, where he died before 1830.\(^{15}\)

The 1830 Ashe Co census includes the family of **Elizabeth Rial**: one male (15-20), one male (20-30), one female (20-30), and one female (50-60).\(^{15}\)

1. **Thomas** first married **Martha Norman** on 5/14/1818 in Surry Co.\(^{15,66}\) He married **Elizabeth Hicks** in 1819 in Wilkes Co. He had wife **Sarah** in 1830. By 1850 his wife was **Rosanna Sanders**, and he was listed as a miller. He was a shoemaker in 1860 and a farmer in 1870.\(^{15}\)

   His death was recorded in his Bible which was handed down to his nephew.\(^{15}\) “Legend says (he) was buried in an old Indian cemetery now in possession of Reynold’s Tobacco Co. at Devotion, NC.”\(^{15}\) \([b^{1,13,15,113}, d^{1,13,15}]\)

2. **Elizabeth** married **William Weatherman** on 4/16/1819.\(^{15}\)

3. **Nancy** is listed only due to circumstantial evidence. An elderly descendant listed **Nancy** as a daughter of **Joseph** when listing all of his children.\(^{426}\) “Nancy” was the wife of **Alfred Sanders** and was listed with him in the 1850 and 1860 censuses.\(^{212}\) In 1850 they are living beside **Thomas Royal** and his wife **Rosanna Sanders**.\(^{212}\) In 1860 they are living beside **Richard Sanders** and his wife **Ann Royal**.\(^{212}\)

   In 1880 this same “Nancy” is an 81 year old widow, living with the family of **Richard Sanders**.\(^{212}\) Her relation is listed as “sister”, but she would be his sister-in-law if her late husband **Alfred** and **Richard** were brothers.\(^{212}\) \([(1850 Ashe, p499, #178)^{212}; (1860 Alleghany, Gap Civ, p42, #312/271)^{212}]\) \([b^{212}]\)

4. **John** was born between 1800 and 1810.\(^{15}\) He married **Mary Wagoner** and died before 1850 near Sparta when either a tree fell on him\(^{1,13}\) or he fell off a roof.\(^{15}\)
5. William married Sarah Sanders in 1839. He enlisted in the CSA on 10/4/1861 in Co D, 33rd NC Inf and was discharged in August 1862. His obituary says that he joined Pine Creek Bap Ch in 1847, but later joined Woodruff Prim Bap Ch, before finally joining Liberty Knob Bap Ch soon after its constitution. [(1860 Wi, Traphill, #363); (1870 Wi, Traphill, #185); (1880 Wi, Traphill, p25, #85/85)] [b1,13,15,61,172,223, d1,13,61,172,223]

6. Jane never married and is buried at Antioch Prim Bap Ch.

7. Martha never married and is buried at Antioch Prim Bap Ch.

8. Polly married Wesley McCann and “is buried on the Inskeep property at Roaring Gap.”

“Legend says that Joseph’s wife (Elizabeth Thomas) was part Indian, but the Thomas lineage of Mecklenburg Co, VA has not been verified.” She died in the 1840s of cancer.

D-10-3 John Royall, Sr. (9). Joseph Royal was the son of John Royal, Sr. and Mary. They had the following children. Ref 15, p244-5.

1. John Royal, Jr. 1763
2. *Joseph Royal 1765 -
3. Sarah Royal 1767 -
4. ?Mary Royal -
5. Henry Royal - 1828
6. William Royal - 1823

They lived in the part of Lunenburg Co, VA, that became Mecklenburg Co in 1765.

The family of “John Royal, Sen.” was listed in the 1782 Mecklenburg Co, VA, tax list in Anderson’s District with: one free male over 21, no slaves, 10 cattle, and 3 horses, mules, or colts. He owed a tax of £0, 10sh, 6p.

The family of “John Royal” was listed in the 1784 Mecklenburg Co tax list in Clausel’s District with: 2 free males over 21 (himself and John Royal Jr), no slaves, 9 cattle, and 1 horse, mule, or colt. He bought land in Mecklenburg Co as late as 4/8/1785.67

The 1790 Mecklenburg Co Tax List A includes John Royall “and Joseph his son” on p30, taxdd on May 5 with two white tithes, no blacks, and one horse or colt.

The 1799 Mecklenburg Co Tax List A includes John Royall on p27, taxed on April 27 with one white tithe, no blacks, and one horse or colt. Additionally, the 1799 Mecklenburg Land Tax List B includes John Royall, Sr, on p17 taxed for 100 acres.
In 1807 the family of John Royal was listed in the tax list of Surry Co, NC. From then on, their name was spelled “Royal” instead of “Royall.” There are no Royalls listed in Mecklenburg Co, VA, by 1820.

The will of “John Royal” is recorded in Surry Co, NC, dated 1/12/1810. He leaves his son John one shilling sterling. He leaves his wife Mary 100 acres in Rowan Co, NC, and all household and kitchen furniture, and all stock of cattle and hogs. After her death, it is to be divided among children Sarah Algood, Joseph Royall, Henry Royall, and William Royall. Son Joseph Royal and son-in-law William Algood were the executors.

1. John, Jr. left Mecklenburg Co, VA, with his family between 1784 and 1787. He is last listed in the 1784 Mecklenburg Co, VA, tax list.

2. Joseph married Elizabeth Thomas on 9/14/1794 in Mecklenburg Co. The marriage bond was dated 8/11/1794. He died before 1830.

3. Sarah married William Allgood on 3/5/1790 in Mecklenburg Co. The marriage bond is dated 3/3/1790. The censuses suggest that he was born about 1761 and she was born between 1765 and 1770. They both probably died before the 1850 census. They are buried in the Allgood Cem in southern Yadkin Co, NC.

4. Mary may not belong to this family. The only indication that she does is the marriage bond of Mary Royal to Samuel Allgood on 10/4/1786 in Mecklenburg Co, VA. The surety was Edward Clarke. She may have died before 12/29/1804 when Samuel married Jinsey Claunch.

5. Henry married Letty Hutt according to a marriage bond dated 7/18/1805 in Mecklenburg Co. He is found in the 1799 Mecklenburg Co tax lists when he was taxed on April 20. His will in Surry Co dated 7/31/1828 mentions (probably second) wife Sally and four children.

6. William married Sally Robertson according to a marriage bond dated 6/10/1799 in Mecklenburg Co. He is found in the 1799 Mecklenburg Co tax lists when he was taxed on April 20. His will in Surry Co was dated 6/16/1823 or 1825. In it he mentions his wife Salley, two sons, and five daughters.

Sometime between 1755 and 1757, John Royall was the defendant in a case brought by Henry Robertson. The petitioner was to recover his debt. (Lunenburg Order Bk 4, p190).

On 7/3/1765, John Royall, planter, bought 265 acres on both sides of Tusling Quarter Branch for £30 from Richard Witten, gentleman. (Mecklenburg Co, VA, DB 1, p77).
On 4/9/1769, John Royall sold 100 acres on Tusling Quarter Branch to Benjamin Sampson for £15. The tract is part of the land on which John Royall is now living. The transaction was acknowledged by John Royall and Mary, his wife. This is the first mention of his wife’s name. (Mecklenburg Co, DB 2, p22).

On 3/14/1774, John Rial sold 40 acres to John Robertson, Jr of Mecklenburg Co for £25 payable on 12/25/1776. Until then, John Rial has the use of his horses, cattle, and hogs. (Mecklenburg DB 4, p262).

On 3/15/1774, a separate deed details the same transaction. John Royle and his wife Mary of Mecklenburg Co sell 40 acres to John Robertson, Jr for £25. The land was adjacent to Royle’s own line, Laughlin Tanner, Thomas Chamberlain, and Peter Hutchison. John (+) and Mary (MR) signed with their marks. (Mecklenburg DB 4, p264).

On 9/7/1777, John Royall and his wife Mary sold 100 acres to Zacharia Butter for £60.

On 4/8/1785, John Royal, Sr of Mecklenburg Co, bought 64 acres from John Robertson, Sr and his wife Anne for £25. The land was on Butchers Creek and adjoined Allgood’s line. (Meck DB 6, p475).

D-10-4 Henry Royall (10). John Royall, Sr. was the son of Henry Royall and his first wife Elizabeth Liege. They had the following children. Ref 15, p243-5.

1. Joseph Royall
2. William Royall
3. Francis Royall 1/10/1721*–
4. *John Royall, Sr. 1729 – 1810

They lived in VA where “Henry owned 750 acres in Elizabeth City Co, 246 acres in Warwick Co, and by deed of his brother was granted 250 acres in Bristol Parish called ‘Fleets’.”

On 3/26/1784, long after the death of both Henry and his son Joseph, land in Mecklenburg Co was sold by William Call to John Marshall and Henry Moody, Jr. The land consisted of 1,742 acres mostly on the lower side of Butchers Creek and sold for the large some of £3,484. It was on the north side of Finney Wood Rd which led to the Mecklenburg Courthouse and was adjacent to Robertson, several Allgoods, and John Royall (i.e. b1729). This was part of a larger tract that William Call had bought from Lewis Burwell. Part of this land was “subject to the right of dower of Sarah Royall, widow of Joseph Royall, deceased, that is the part Lewis Burwell purchased from Joseph Royall. (Meck DB 6, p376).

1. Joseph received 100 acres, cattle, and slaves from his father’s will. He married Sarah. In 1748, “Joseph Royall” purchased 365 acres lying on both sides of Butchers Creek. (Lunenburg Co, VA, Patent Book 26, p650). He was listed with one tithe in that county in 1748. However, by 1751, his brother John was old enough to also be counted, and Joseph was charged with two tithes in Lunenburg Co. He died by July 1754 when
his widow **Sarah** petitioned for the settlement of his estate (Court Order Bk, p121). His estate was appraised and recorded on 1/7/1755 (Lunen WB 1, p138). **Sarah** is listed in the 1782 and 1784 Mecklenburg tax lists, and in both she has a slave named Phebe.

2. **William** received the home plantation, cattle, and slaves from his father’s will.

3. **Francis** was born in Bristol Parish, Henrico Co, VA, according to that parish’s register. He was baptized there on 7/4/1721. He must have died before his father’s will was signed in 1746. [b] [15]

4. **John, Sr.** was born in Bristol Parish, Henrico Co, VA, according to that parish’s register. He was baptized there on 11/30/1729. He was 16 years old when his father died and only received slaves in the will. At that time, since he was a minor, he became a member of his older brother **Joseph**’s household. When **Joseph** died, **John** continued to live with **Joseph**’s widow until at least 1760. He later married **Mary**. “Before the Revolutionary War, **John** was a reader in the Episcopal Church of England”. After the war, he became a member of Grubb Hill Bap Ch and was appointed as a delegate to a convention. His will was administered on 1/12/1810 in Surry Co, NC, with his son **Joseph Royal** listed as executor. [b, d] [15]

On 6/9/1729, the will of **John Worsham** was presented. The witnesses were **Joseph Royall**, **James Thompson**, and **Henry Royall**. It was recorded on 10/6/1729. (Henrico Wills and Deeds 1725-1737, p248).

In December 1731, the will of **George Archer, Sr.** of Bristol Parish, was recorded. It names several family members. The witnesses were **Henry Royall**, **John Bevill**, and **Peter Ragsdale**. (Henrico Wills and Deeds 1725-1737, p320).

In February 1738, **Henry Royal** and **William Archer** were appointed as appraisers of the estate of **James Vaughan** which was being administered by **William Kennon**, gent. (Henrico Court Orders, 1737-1746, p68).

In June 1741, **Henry Royall** and his wife **Mary**, administrators of the estate of **George Archer**, deceased, were summoned to appear at the next court on the motion of **William Archer**, security for the administration of the estate. (Henrico Court Orders, 1737-1746, p149).

**Henry Royall** left a will in Henrico Co, VA, dated 12/19/1746. He left his son **Joseph** the plantation where he (Joseph) now lives and one shilling. To son **William**, the plantation where I (Henry) now live and other items. To son **John**, livestock, household items, and slaves after the death of my wife. To wife **Mary**, half the plantation where I now live, household items, and slaves. The executors were his wife **Mary** and sons **William** and **John**. The witnesses were **William Archer**, **Roger Atkinson**, and **John Gough**. It was presented in court by **Richard Royall** and **John Archer**, gents, in October 1747. (Henrico Court Orders, 1737-1746, p306).
The inventory of his estate was valued at £101, 19 shillings, 5 pence by Chr. Martin, Drury Ragsdale, and Godfrey Ragsdale. It was recorded in January 1748*. (Henrico Court Orders, 1737-1746, p334).413

D-10-5 Joseph Royall, Jr. (11). Henry Royall was the son of Capt. Joseph Royall, Jr. and his wife Mary Harris. They had the following children.1,15,176 Ref 15, p242.

1. Joseph Royall, III 1681 – 1748
2. Sarah Royall
3. *Henry Royall – 1747
4. William Royall 1688 – 1737

Joseph Royall, Jr. was a Justice of the Peace for Henrico Co in July 1702.22 According to the Henrico Co Rent Roll of April 1705, Joseph Royall owned 783 acres in the county.97 The Rent Roll of 1704 for Charles City Co, VA, says Joseph Royall owned 262 acres there.97 However, it is possible that either or both of these is referring to his son, Joseph, III.

Katherine Banks Royall Isham left two silver spoons “to each child of her son Joseph Royall” (i.e. the children listed above). She was their grandmother, and she left a will in Henrico Co in 1686. The will mentions grandchildren Joseph Royall and Sarah Royall.100

1. Joseph, III married Elizabeth Kennon on 10/30/1698, and they lived in Chesterfield Co, VA.15 He received his grandmother’s servant and a silver tankard according to her will in 1686.100 The will of “Joseph Royall of Dale Parish” was dated 2/6/1748* and was recorded in April 1748. He left a valuable estate including land at Bermuda Hundred to his children and grandchildren. (Henrico Court Orders, 1737-1746, p376).413 (Henrico DB 1744-1748).67 His estate was inventoried in August 1748. (Henrico Wills and Deeds 1748-1750, p26).413 [b1,15,176, d1,15,176]

2. Sarah is believed to have never married.15 She received a heifer according to her grandmother’s will in 1686.100

3. Henry was probably born after his grandmother’s 1686 will. He first married Elizabeth Liege and second Mary Bevell Kennon, who may have been the widow of George Archer.15,176 He was appointed Elizabeth City Co, VA, sheriff in 1704, “was vestryman of the parish, and member of jury to try the pirate, John Hough.”15 He was listed as “Capt. Henry Royall” in the 1704 Rent Rolls for Elizabeth City Co, VA.97 He signed his will in 1746, and it was proven in court the next year.15 [d1,15]

4. William was probably born after his grandmother’s 1686 will. He married Sarah Baxter127,176 as suggested by the will of her brother Edward Baxter. (Henrico Court Orders, 1737-1746, p387).413 From another source, Anne Royall was the administrator of the estate of William Royall in December 1737 in Henrico Co. Richard Royall, gent, was
granted security. The inventory of the estate was presented by Edward Wilkinson in January 1739. (Henrico Court Orders, 1737-1746, p13, 94). 

On 12/1/1688, the inventory of the estate of William Dodd was recorded. It was presented by Joseph Royall at whose house Dodd had died. (Henrico Wills and Deeds 1688-1697, Bk 3, p24).

On 4/1/1690, Joseph Royall, Richard Kennon, Capt. Francis Eppes, and George Archer received 2,827 acres in Henrico Co, in Bristol Parish on the north side of the Appomattox River for the transportation of 57 negroes. 

On 2/1/1692*, the will of Nicholas Bullington was recorded. The witnesses were John Worsham, Joseph Royall, and John Harwood. It was inventoried on 5/16/1692, and recorded 6/1/1692 by Capt. Joseph Royall, executor. (Henrico Wills and Deeds 1688-1697, Bk 3, p287, 305).

On 3/7/1692*, the will of Martin Elam was recorded. The witnesses were John Worsham, Joseph Royall, and Richard Ligon. It was probated on 11/20/1695. The appraisal was done by Joseph Royall, Hugh Ligon, Will Clerk, and Abra. Womack. It was recorded on 4/1/1697. (Henrico Wills and Deeds 1688-1697, Bk 3, p606).


On 10/15/1698, Joseph Royall “escheated” (legally confiscated) 50 acres in Henrico Co from John Chaplin. Wm. (William) Randolph was the “exchequer” ( overseer of the exchange). (Patent Book 9).

On 5/7/1722, the will of John Bowman was presented. The witnesses were Joseph Royall, Joseph Royall Jr, and James Henry Shorthose. It was recorded on 3/7/1726*. (Henrico Minute Book 1719-1724, p174). It appears that he lived at least a few years longer.


On 10/7/1723, four men were chosen to settle the account of Thomas Chamberlain, deceased: William Randolph, Francis Epes, Joseph Royall, and Richard Randolph. (Henrico Minute Book 1719-1724, p299).

On 12/3/1725, the will of John Bowman was presented. The witnesses were Joseph Royall, Joseph Royall Jr, and James Henry Shorthose. It was recorded on 3/7/1726*. (Henrico Wills and Deeds 1725-1737, p5).
Capt. Joseph Royall’s wife was Mary Harris, widow of George Archer and sister of William Harris. While I am not completely convinced her last name was Harris (not that I have any suggestions otherwise), I am more confident that she was the widow of George Archer because of the following records:

- The Henrico Co Orphan’s Court Book mentions this family several times. “Orphan Court Records prove he is their guardian” with six different pages of reference to him.127
  - On 8/20/1678, Joseph Royall presented the court with an account of the stock belonging to the orphans of George Archer, deceased. Elizabeth Archer had a cow named Good Luck and two 2 year old heifers. Margery Archer had a cow named Browning, two 2 year old heifers, one mare, and one horse foal. John Archer had two cows named Lady and Coll, one 2 year old heifer, and one calf. Additionally, Elizabeth and John jointly had one mare 9 or 10 years old, one mare 2 years old, and a horse foal. Furthermore, Joseph Royall was granted permission to kill one of John Archer’s old cows and replace it with a 2 year old heifer which is to be inspected by “Coll. Francis Epes”.296
  - In 1683, the court decides that Joseph Royall, guardian of the orphans of George Archer, deceased, has not yet given “bond for the estate” and that the clerk will take “bond and security of the said guardian according to law.”296
  - On 8/20/1687, Joseph Royall is summoned to court “to give account of the estate to the said orphans.”296
  - In 1687 or 1688, Joseph Royall appeared before the court and declared “that he cannot now do it, their stock consisting of outlying horses. It is ordered that as fast as any of the said horses or mares do come to his knowledge that he do render account thereof to the court.”296
  - In 1688, Joseph Royall is again summoned to court “to give account of what horses or mares he hath taken up belong to the said orphans.”296
  - On 10/11/1688, Joseph Royall appeared before the court and gave an “account that he hath taken up two mares belonging the said orphans, one of which he hath (given) to Tho(mas) Branch who married Eliz. Archer (one of the said orphans) which delry the said Branch in court acknowledged. And the other he hath exchanged with Sam(uel) Knibb for another which now hath a foal.”296
  - Soon thereafter (date unknown), Thomas Branch appeared in court and acknowledged his receipt of his said wife’s part of the deceased estate and thereby released and acquitted Joseph Royall. Also, Joseph presented an account of the stock belonging to John Archer as one mare and one yearling horse colt.296

- Joseph Royall, Jr is named in the two Archer daughters’ wills as their step father. Their wills also state that William Royall is their brother.
- In the will of John Archer of Henrico Parish dated 3/14/1717, he leaves the “guardianship of my children to my brother Joseph Royall” and “to my brother Joseph Royall my new black suit” and to be the executor. This would refer to Joseph Royall, III (b1681). John
names his eight children and his brother George Archer. (Miscellaneous Henrico Court Records 1650-1807, Part II, p393).\textsuperscript{413}

D-10-6 Joseph Royall, Sr. (12). Capt. Joseph Royall, Jr. was the son of Joseph Royall, Sr. and Katherine Banks (D-15-1). They had the following children.\textsuperscript{15} Ref 15, p239-242.

1. *Joseph Royall, Jr. 1646 – 1732
2. Katherine Royall 1654 – 
3. Sarah Royall

They lived in Henrico Co, VA, at Turkey Island. “This was an excellent location on the James River where ships from England plied the wide river bringing cargoes of fine china, silver, furniture, stylish clothing, and supplies. These products the captains exchanged for tobacco, furs, and wood products.”\textsuperscript{15}

Katherine (their mother) left her will in 1686. The will mentions her children Joseph Royall, Sarah Wilkinson, and Katherine Perrin, as well as her grandson Richard Perrin.\textsuperscript{100}

1. Joseph, Jr. married Mary Harris, the widow of George Archer. He was the vestryman at Curles Church as well as a sheriff and justice in Henrico Co. He was also a captain in the VA Colonial troops.\textsuperscript{1} His half-brother Henry Isham, Jr., wrote a will on 11/13/1678. It was proven three months later on 2/1/1678* in Henrico Co. In it, he left Joseph Royall, Jr., £40 worth of goods.\textsuperscript{100} (Henrico Will and Deed Bk, 1677-1692, p71).\textsuperscript{413} Also, Joseph received his mother's “best silver tankard” and “all of her land” according to her will in 1686.\textsuperscript{100} \[b\textsuperscript{15,122}, d\textsuperscript{122}]

2. Kathrine married Richard Perrin.\textsuperscript{15,122} This is also implied in her mother’s will.\textsuperscript{100} She died in Henrico Co, VA.\textsuperscript{122} \[b\textsuperscript{122}]

3. Sarah married John Wilkinson.\textsuperscript{15}

Joseph Royall, Sr. was born in 1600. He left England on the Charitie and arrived in VA in July 1622. This was only 13 years after the first colony of settlers arrived in the New World. “By Easter of 1621 there were only 843 English people” in VA, and in March 1622 the Indians killed 347 colonists.\textsuperscript{15} Saying that life was hard in the first years of colonization would be an understatement.

Stagnant marshlands where the colonists gathered led to diseases such as typhoid, dysentery, and salt poisoning. Joseph, Sr. survived an outbreak of “burning fever” which killed 500 colonists in 1622. The following year he was living in Charles City Co.\textsuperscript{15}

On 8/15/1637, Joseph Royall received 300 acres of land in Henrico Co on the southeast side of Turkey Island Creek for bringing colonists to the New World.\textsuperscript{15} According to the record, he was due “50 acres for his own personal adventure, 50 acres for the transportation of his first
wife **Thomasin**, 50 acres for the transportation of **Ann**, his now wife, 50 for the transportation of his brother **Henry**, and 100 for the transportation of two persons, **Robert Warrell** and **Jonathan Wells**.


On 8/20/1642, he received 600 acres above Shirley Hundred on the river to Dockman’s Creek for transporting twelve people including his third and current wife **Katherine Banks** who he had met and married in England on a return visit. (Virginia Land Patent Book I, Part II).

His plantation eventually grew to 1,100 acres, and he built a residence called “Dogham”, named after the French river D’Augham. **Joseph Royall, Sr.** died before 3/10/1655. In a land transaction to **David Lewellin**, land near Shirley Hundred is mentioned as being next to the land of **Joseph Royall**, deceased. (Virginia Land Patent Book 5, p581).

**Joseph**’s younger brother **Henry** settled in Charles City Co and also transported immigrants. “He reared a large family and served in county offices.”

The Royall name dates back to the time of **William, the Conqueror** in eleventh century England. They lived on Royall Hill in Northumberland Co, England, where rye was grown. The Shirley Hundred residence, adjacent to Dogham, was built a hundred years after Dogham, and is now open to tourists.

**Joseph Royall, Sr** might be the son of **Peter Royall**, **Joseph Royall** or **William Royall**. Additional information indicates that he may have been one of seven children of yet another **Joseph Royall** (1550 - 1615) and his wife **Angeline**. Perhaps the elder **Joseph** was the son of **John Royall** (1521 – 1576), son of **Roger Royall** (1493 – 1562) and his wife **Nancy**. **Roger Royall** may have been the son of **John Royall** (1467 – 1519) and his wife **Lucette**. More definitive information is needed before I continue this line.
CRESSON

D-11-1 Abraham Cresson (8). Jane Cresson (D-9-1) was the daughter of Abraham Cresson and his first wife. They had the following children.15

1. Jane Cresson – 1823
2. Joshua Cresson – 1822

Abraham is first found in NC in 1755 where he is listed in the Rowan Co tithables list. They lived on the south side of the Yadkin River in what was first Anson Co, later Rowan Co, and eventually Surry Co. “If you wish to visit the Cresson homestead, mill, and trading post sites, travel east on (NC421). Before crossing the bridge over the Yadkin, look to your right and you will see the land. The wagon tracks are still visible on the road leading to Salisbury.”15

1. Jane was born between 1755 and 1760. She first married Samuel Cunningham and second Charles Steelman, Sr. in February 1782.15 Her father was appointed guardian of her children by her first marriage.15 Ref 15, p279.

2. Joshua was born between 1755 and 1760. He first married Rachael Steelman in 1781. On 6/24/1814 he married Rebekah Patterson. The family of a Joshua Creson is listed in the 1790 Surry Co census as one male over age 16, three males under 16, five females, no other free persons, and two slaves. This must be the same family.15 On 1/31/1800 “Joshua Creson” bought a negro boy Peter from Thomas Whitlock for $160. (Surry Co, Record of Estates, p130).26

On 1/11/1749*, Abraham Cresson, planter, received a Granville land grant of 468 acres on the south branch of the Yadkin River to the mouth of Deep Creek (then Anson Co, NC).15

In April 1757, Abraham Cresson, planter, of St. Lukes’s Parish in Rowan Co, received a Granville land grant of 688 acres at a price of 20 sterling shillings per 100 acres. The land was situated on the North Yadkin on both sides of Deep Creek. (Rowan Co DB 4, p405-6).15

On 1/27/1762, Abraham Cresson was the highest bidder at the Salisbury court house with a bid of £14 for 200 acres. (Rowan Co DB 4, p231-2).15


On 1/31/1791, Abraham Creson wrote his will leaving his Menchen house and plantation of 60 acres plus the 10 acres of the river tract as well as one third of the grain and livestock to his wife Mary (Williams). Upon her death, it would go to his son Joshua Creson. Joshua received all his land on the Yadkin River on the north side of Deep Creek and an additional 250 acres on the north end of that land. His daughter Jane received 250 acres on the Yadkin River below shallow ford on both sides of the road leading to Salisbury. Son Joshua was to receive a mulatto named Jesse, while daughter Jane received a negro named Daniel. Joshua Creson and Charles Steelman were appointed executors. (Surry Co WB 3, p4).15
D-11-2 Joshua Cresson, Jr (9). Abraham Cresson was the son of Joshua Cresson, Jr. and Catherine Brouder (D-12-1). They had the following children.15

1. Joshua Cresson, III  1711 - 1790
2. John Cresson  1714 -
3. *Abraham Cresson  1717 -
4. Aletie Cresson  1720 -

They lived in NJ until about 1720. The 1724 tithable list for King William Parish in VA included Joshua Coroson.15 It has been difficult to trace the Cresson family because of various spellings such as Creason, Corsson, Coroson, Greason, Crushon, Cushon, Crisman, and Krewson.15

Son John is later found in Augusta Co, VA, as is Abraham on 2/26/1746. However, children Joshua and Aletie married in Somerset Co, NJ.

1. Joshua, III was baptized on 8/5/1711.15 He lived in Somerset Co, NJ, and was a farmer, juror, administrator, and captain in the Revolutionary Army.15

2. John was baptized on 6/11/1714 in Mercer Co, NJ. He married Rachael, and they lived in Augusta Co, VA, then KY, and finally MI where Rachael died.15

3. Abraham moved to Augusta Co, VA, before 1746, and was living on the Yadkin River in NC by 1755. He married second Mary Williams in Surry Co, NC. He was a big land trader and probably had at least 1,000 acres at any one time. He established a trading post on Shallow Ford at the only spot on the Yadkin River passable year round. He was very successful and had goods from England and the North which came down the Great Wagon Road.15

He almost continuously served on juries, was constable from 1754 to 1757, and overseer of roads for Rowan Co, NC. However, during this time Gov. Tryon demanded severe taxes from western farmers. A group of Regulators was formed to fight against the taxes and to drive collectors away. Abraham was among the Regulators at the Alamance River on 5/16/1771 when 1,100 troops demanded 2,000 Regulators to sign oaths of allegiance. When they refused, troops fired on the mob killing 9 and wounding 200. Abraham was one of only six who were forced to stand trial. He was accused of assisting in blowing up Gen. Waddle’s munitions wagons crossing Shallow Ford. He refused to sign and on June 5, he was brought to Bathabara as a prisoner and put in chains. At times “he wept like a child”, but was released in March 1772. “You may still see the stocks in which Abraham was imprisoned at Moravian restoration, Bethabara.”15

On 10/19/1780, after the Battle of Shallow Ford, a council of field officers set up camp on his land.88 In November 1788 both the Upper House of the Legislature and the House of Commons proposed a memorial in his honor. None has been found.15
4. *Aletie* was baptized in the Dutch Reformed Church on 4/20/1720. She married in Sommerset Co, NJ.¹⁵

D-11-3 Joshua Cresson, Sr. (10). *Joshua Cresson, Jr.* was the son of *Joshua Cresson, Sr.* and *Aletie Gerrietszen* (D-13-1). They had the following children.¹⁵

1. *Joshua Cresson, Jr.*
2. Elizabeth Cresson

They lived on Staten Island, NY, until 1702. The children then moved with their mother and step-father to Hunterdon Co, NJ.¹⁵

1. *Joshua, Jr.* was born before 1690 and moved across the Delaware River into Buck’s Co, PA, before 1710. He married *Catherine Brouwder* on 9/24/1710.¹⁵

2. *Elizabeth* was born before 1690 and married her step-brother *Peter LaRue*. They moved to Buck’s Co, PA, before 1710.¹⁵

D-11-4 Pierre Cresson, Jr. (11). *Joshua Cresson, Sr.* was the son of *Pierre Cresson, Jr.* and *Rachael Claus* (D-14-1). They had the following children.¹⁵

1. Susannah Cresson
2. Jacques Cresson 1640 - 8/1/1684
3. Christina Cresson
4. Rachael Cresson 1656 -
5. *Joshua Cresson, Sr.*
6. Elias Cresson 1662 -

They first lived at Seden, Picardy, France. In about 1640, they escaped to Leyden, Netherlands. They arrived in New Amstel (now New Castle), DE, in 1657. They soon moved to New Netherlands, and were in Harlem by December 1662.¹⁵

The reason for the “escape” from Europe was because they were French Huguenots who were Protestant. They were “harassed by French Catholic rulers, descendants of the Waldeans, Christians who took refuge in the mountains of central Europe during the Roman Empire.”¹⁵

1. *Susannah* was born at Van Ryswick, Holland. She married the prominent *Nicholas De la Plaine* on 9/1/1658 at New Amsterdam.¹⁵

2. *Jacques* was baptized at Seden, France. He married *Marie Reynard* on 9/1/1663 in Harlem, NY. “He suffered a tragic death.”¹⁵

3. *Christina* was born in Sluis, Holland. She first married *Jean Letellier* and second *Jack Hass*.¹⁵
4. Rachael was born in Delft, Holland. She married David Des Marest, Jr. on 4/4/1675 in NY.15 Her second husband was John Durie.82

5. Joshua, Sr. was born in Harlem, NY. He married Aletie Gerrietzen on Staten Island, NY.15

6. Elias was born in Harlem, NY. He was appointed High Sheriff of Richmond Co, NY.15

On 12/30/1680, Pierre Cresson, Jr and his son Joshua each acquired an 88 acre grant on Staten Island, lying on the northeast side of the island near Long Neck.15

D-11-5 Pierre Cresson, Sr. (12). Pierre Cresson, Jr. was the son of Pierre Cresson, Sr. and Elizabeth Vuelsome.15

1. *Pierre Cresson, Jr. 1610 - 8/3/1680

They lived in Picardy, France.15

1. Pierre, Jr. married Rachael Claus on 6/5/1639 in Picardy, France. While living in the Netherlands, he was a gardener for William of Orange. He was also a gardener for Gov. Peter Stuyvesant in New Netherlands. He was appointed Corporal of Militia in 1663 to protect the settlement from Indians. On 8/16/1660 he was appointed a Commissary, or justice, in Harlem, NY.15
BROUWDER

D-12-1 William Brouwer (10). Catherine Brouwer (D-11-2) was the daughter of William Brouwer and Lysbeth Simpson.\textsuperscript{15}

1. *Catherine Brouwer

They were members of the Harlem Dutch Reformed Church which was probably in NJ.\textsuperscript{15}

1. *Catherine married Joshua Cresson, Jr. on 9/24/1710.\textsuperscript{15}

Their surname signified a past trade, a brewer.\textsuperscript{15}
GERRIETZEN

D-13-1 Gerrit Gerrietszen (11). Aletie Gerrietszen (D-11-3) was the daughter of Gerrit Gerrietszen and Annetie Harmens.15

1. *Aletie Gerrietszen 1672 –

They lived in Harlem, NY.15

1. Aletie (also seen as Aletye, Aeltze, Oletie, and Olive) first married Joshua Cresson, Sr. about 1660 on Staten Island, NY. She married second Abraham LaRue about 1692.15

Gerrit Gerrietszen was a tailor in Gethey, Holland. He arrived in NY on the Gilded Beaver in 1658.15
CLAUS

D-14-1 Pierre Claus (12). Rachael Claus (D-11-4) was the daughter of Pierre Claus and Jeanne Famelar.15

1. *Rachael Claus

They lived in Picardy, France.15

1. Rachael married Pierre Cresson, Jr. on 6/5/1639.15
BANKS

D-15-1 Christopher Banks (13). Katherine Banks (D-10-6) was the daughter of Christopher Banks.\textsuperscript{15} Ref 15, p241.

1. *Katherine Banks 1627 – 1686

They were from Canterbury, England.\textsuperscript{15}

1. Katherine may have been born about 1600\textsuperscript{123} or in 1627\textsuperscript{98}. She first married Joseph Royall, Sr. in England and second Henry Isham, Sr., of Bermuda Hundred plantation in VA. She “has been described as a beautiful red-haired lady who owned a gilded carriage, the wedding gift of her parents, which is said to have been linked with gold colored silk, drapes, and cushions of the same fabric…. According to custom, Joseph Royall’s estate became the property of the new husband.” He added another wing onto the residence which “was enhanced with tall pines and an English flower garden (and) was enclosed within a white picket fence.” The structure still exists and is used as a horse farm (1995).\textsuperscript{15} By her second marriage, she is the gg-grandmother of Thomas Jefferson, the ggg-grandmother of John Marshall, and the gggg-grandmother of Robert E. Lee.\textsuperscript{15}

In his will dated 11/13/1678, her son Henry Isham, Jr., left her one third of his property which was in both VA and England.\textsuperscript{100} She left a detailed will dated 8/10/1686, proved December 1686 in Henrico Co.\textsuperscript{100} The majority of her estate was left to her children and grandchildren by both marriages. Her belongings included her wedding ring, several items made of silver, a feather bed, cows, servants, and slaves.\textsuperscript{100} \[b^{98,123}, d^{98}\]

Christopher Banks may have been born about 1603.\textsuperscript{98}
**SHEPHERD**

D-16-1 Robert Shepherd (9). Agness Jane Shepherd (D-3-4) was the daughter of Robert Shepherd and Sarah Rash (D-17-1).\(^{14,151,199,257}\) They had the following children.\(^{199,257}\)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Birth Date</th>
<th>Death Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Elizabeth Shepherd</td>
<td>7/23/1766</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>James Shepherd</td>
<td>3/ 8/1768</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Mary (Polly) Shepherd</td>
<td>1/17/1773</td>
<td>6/7/1869</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>*Agness Jane Shepherd</td>
<td>2/ 8/1775</td>
<td>3/18/1856</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Rhoda Shepherd</td>
<td>3/23/1777</td>
<td>1830</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>John Shepherd</td>
<td>8/26/1779</td>
<td>1803</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Sally Shepherd</td>
<td>2/27/1782</td>
<td>11/1858</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.</td>
<td>Frances (Fanny) Shepherd</td>
<td>2/13/1785</td>
<td>–</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>Rebeka Shepherd</td>
<td>9/26/1787</td>
<td>9/22/1836</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

They lived in St. George Parish, Spotsylvania Co, VA, where the first five children were born.\(^{199}\) About 1776, they came to Wilkes Co, NC, with the Irwin family, settling on Reddies River.\(^{14,199}\) “**Robert owned land on Reddies River near Deep Ford Hill as early as 4/24/1778.**”\(^{13}\) Ref 13, p334.

The 1782 tax list for Wilkes Co in Capt. Rowland Judd’s District includes Robt. Shepperd with 200 acres of land, no negroes, 3 mules and horses, and 8 cattle.\(^{158}\)

The 1784 Wilkes Co tax list includes **Robert Shepperd** with one poll and 300 acres of land.\(^{58}\) The same list in 1786 in Capt. Judd’s District includes **Robert Shepard** with one poll and 250 acres.\(^{158}\) His 1787 listing is identical to that of 1786 except that he was taxed for 400 acres.\(^{158}\) The 1789 list for the same district lists **Robert Sheppard** with one poll and 412 acres.\(^{158}\)

The 1787 Wilkes Co census includes the family of **Robert Shepard** in Capt. Judd’s District with one male (21-60), two males (under 21, over 60), and seven females.\(^{272}\)

The 1790 Wilkes Co census includes the family of Robt. Sheppard in the Fourth Company with two males (over 16), one male (under 16), and seven females.\(^{273}\)

The 1792 Wilkes Co tax list for McNeil’s District includes **Robert Sheppard** with one poll and 312 acres.\(^{158}\) The listing for **Robert Shepard** is identical in 1793.\(^{158}\) In 1794, **Robert Sheppard** was in Hall’s District with one poll and 200 acres.\(^{158}\) In 1795, in the same district, **Robert Shepherd** was listed with one poll and 250 acres.\(^{158}\)

The 1796 list for McGrady’s District includes him with two polls and 250 acres.\(^{158}\) The 1797 tax list for McGrady’s District lists **Robert Sheppard** with one poll and 482 acres.\(^{158}\) In 1798 **Robert Sheppard** was in the same district with no polls and 382 acres.\(^{158}\)

The 1800 Wilkes Co census includes the family of **Robert Shepheard** with two males (16-26), one male (over 45), one female (10-16), two females (16-26), and one female (over 45).\(^{274}\)
The 1810 Wilkes Co census includes the family of Robert Sheppard with one male (over 45), one female (over 45), and two slaves.\textsuperscript{275}

1. Elizabeth married William McNeil.\textsuperscript{13,257} She died after 1810 in Claiborne Co, TN.\textsuperscript{199,257} [Ref 13, p335.]

2. James married Phebe Mastin.\textsuperscript{257} He died before 1822.\textsuperscript{199,257} [b\textsuperscript{199,257}]

3. Nancy Ann first married James McNeil and second William McQuerry.\textsuperscript{257} She died in Buck Creek, Pulaski Co, KY.\textsuperscript{199,257} [b\textsuperscript{199,257}, d\textsuperscript{199,257}]

4. Polly married James McNeil in Wilkes Co.\textsuperscript{13,257} She died in Wilkes Co, NC.\textsuperscript{199,257} [b\textsuperscript{199,257}, d\textsuperscript{199,257}] Ref 13, p334.

5. Agness married Thomas Irwin about 1792 in Wilkes Co.\textsuperscript{14,151,257} She died in the Fonthill area on Goose Creek in Russell Co, KY.\textsuperscript{151,199,257} [b\textsuperscript{151,199,257}, d\textsuperscript{14,151,199,257}]

6. Rhoda married John Judd on 10/13/1802.\textsuperscript{257} She died in Centerville, Wayne Co, IN.\textsuperscript{199,257} [b\textsuperscript{199,257}, d\textsuperscript{199,257}]

7. John married Mary (Polly) Kilby on 10/13/1802 in Wilkes Co, NC.\textsuperscript{199,257} [b\textsuperscript{199,257}, d\textsuperscript{199,257}]

8. Sally married William Judd, Sr. in 1802 in NC. She died in Madison Co, IN,\textsuperscript{199} or in Sullivan Co, MO.\textsuperscript{257} She is buried in Howard Cem, Putnam Co, MO.\textsuperscript{257} [b\textsuperscript{199,257}, d\textsuperscript{199,257}]

9. Fanny married Larkin Pumphrey.\textsuperscript{257} [b\textsuperscript{199,257}]

10. Rebeka married Amos Harmon on 6/2/1806 in Wilkes Co.\textsuperscript{257} She died in Somonauk, Dekalb Co, IL.\textsuperscript{199,257} [b\textsuperscript{199,257}, d\textsuperscript{199,257}]

In the August 1817 term of court, a committee met and concluded that one year’s provisions would be provided for the widow and family of Robert Sheppard. (Wilkes WB 3, p164).\textsuperscript{67}

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D-16-2 George Shepherd, Sr. (10). Robert Shepherd was the son of George Shepherd, Sr. and Elizabeth Mary Angellica Day (D-19-1).\textsuperscript{234,257} They had the following children.\textsuperscript{234,257}

1. John Shepherd 8/10/1734 – 6/11/1810
2. Anne Shepherd 1737 –
4. George Shepherd, Jr. 1743 –
5. James Shepherd 1743 –
6. Elizabeth Shepherd 1745 –
They lived in St. George’s Parish, Spotsylvania Co, VA.234

1. **John** Shepperd was listed in the 1782 Wilkes Co Tax List in Capt. Rowland Judd’s District with 505 acres of land, no negroes, 7 mules and horses, and 20 cattle.158 He died in the Reddies River section of Wilkes Co, NC.234 His will is recorded in the Wills, Inventories, and Sales of Estates book for Wilkes Co. No page number is given, but the recording is dated 4/21/1810. He names wife Sarah and eleven other legatees who are probably his children.372 [b234,235, d234]

2. **Anne** [b234]

3. **Robert** married Sarah Rash on 10/1/1765 in St. George’s Parish.199,257 He died in the Reddies River section of Wilkes Co, NC.234,257 The inventory of his estate, and perhaps his will, are on record in Wilkes Co (WB 3, p154-5).79 [b199,234,257, c199,234,257]

4. **George, Jr.** [b234]

5. **James** Shepperd married Sarah J. about 1758 in Spotsylvania Co, VA.257 He was listed in the 1782 Wilkes Co Tax List in Capt. Rowland Judd’s District with 110 acres of land, 2 negroes, 4 mules and horses, and 11 cattle.158 [b234]

6. **Elizabeth** [b234]

D-16-3 **Edward Shepherd** (11). **George Shepherd, Sr.** was probably the son of **Edward Shepherd**.234

1. *George Shepherd, Sr.* 10/7/1700 – *1/10/1751

They lived in Spotsylvania Co, VA.234

1. **George, Sr.** was born and died in St. George’s Parish, Spotsylvania Co.234,257 He married **Elizabeth Mary Angellica Day** in 1739 in St. George’s Parish.234,257 [b234,257, d234,257]

**Edward Shepherd** was born about 1675 in England.234 He died in 1739 in St. George’s Parish, Spotsylvania Co, VA.234
RASH

D-17-1 Joseph Rash, Sr. (10). Sarah Rash (D-16-1) was the daughter of Joseph Rash, Sr. and his wife Mary.¹⁹⁹,²⁵⁷ They had the following children.

1. *Sarah Rash  4/23/1745 - 1829
2. Joseph Rash, Jr. 1746 - 1812

They probably lived in Spotsylvania or Albemarle Co, VA.²⁹⁹

1. Sarah married Robert Shepherd on 10/1/1765 in St. George Parish before moving to Wilkes Co, NC.¹⁹⁹,²⁵⁷ [b²⁵⁷, d²⁵⁷]

2. Joseph, Jr. married Mildred Isbell.²⁹⁹ He died in Wilkes Co, NC.²⁹⁹ His will and the inventory of his estate may be on record in Wilkes Co (WB 3, p22,58-60).⁷⁹ [b²⁹⁹, d²⁹⁹]
EDWARDS

D-18-1 David Edwards, Sr. (8). Sally Edwards (D-5-1) was the daughter of David Edwards, Sr. and Elizabeth Morris. They had the following children. Ref 8, p178.

1. Archibald Edwards 1767 –
2. Nathaniel Edwards 1768 –
3. John Edwards 1769 –
4. Sterling Edwards 2/ 6/1772 – 1819
5. David Edwards, Jr. 1774 – 1828
7. Elizabeth Edwards
8. Polly Edwards
9. *Sally Edwards 1780 –
10. Susan Edwards

They lived in Orange Co, NC. Sterling, David Jr, William, Elizabeth, and Sally all went to Wilkes Co in the 1790s.

1. Archibald [b8]
2. Nathaniel [b8]
3. John may be the “Jno. Edwards” listed in the 1820 Ashe Co census with his family and two slaves. [(1820 Ashe, p26)212] [b8]
4. Sterling married Salina Cobb in March 1793. Upon moving to Wilkes Co (later Ashe Co), he had been working for her father who had come from NJ to establish an iron works near Little River. He first occupied land on Little River in Ashe Co, NC, but later bought land on the north fork of New River. [b8, d8]
5. David, Jr. first married Elizabeth Andrews on 8/28/1792 in Orange Co. They moved to Ashe Co, NC, before 6/22/1793 when their first child was born in Grayson Co, VA. His second wife was Jane Osborne Reeves. He was buried six miles west of Sparta. Ref 8, p178. [b8, d8]
6. William married Nancy Carter in the late 1790s. They were both listed in the 1860 Alleghany Co, NC, census where his age was given as 86. He died in Alleghany Co, and was buried three miles west of Sparta on top of a mountain. [b8, d8]
7. Elizabeth married Henry Brewer.
9. Sally married Jacob Crouse, Sr. She was listed in the 1850 Ashe Co census with the family of her daughter Margaret Crouse Andrews. She was listed in the 1870
Alleghany Co census (Sally Crowse, age 93), living with the family of her daughter Elizabeth Crouse Andrews.\textsuperscript{113} [b\textsuperscript{113,221}]

10. Susan married Charles Toliver.\textsuperscript{8}

Elizabeth Morris was born in 1747.\textsuperscript{8} After her husband David Edwards died in 1782, she remarried to Richard Williams who had served with David in the Army.\textsuperscript{8} In 1788, they moved to Ashe Co, NC, before moving to Lawrence Co, IN, in 1817. Elizabeth died near Bedford, IN, on 10/13/1827.\textsuperscript{8} She and Richard are buried in the Breckinridge Cem.\textsuperscript{8}

D-18-2 John Edwards, Sr. (9). David Edwards, Sr. was the son of John Edwards, Sr. and his wife Mary.\textsuperscript{8} They had the following children.\textsuperscript{8} Ref 8, p178,188-9,192-3,196.

1. John Edwards, Jr. 1739 – 1817
2. *David Edwards, Sr. 1745 – 1782
3. Sylvane (Sill) Edwards 1753 – 1782
4. William Edwards, Sr. 1757 – 1784
5. Henry Edwards, Sr. 1759 – 1850
6. Susannah Edwards
7. Mary Edwards

They may have also had sons Nathaniel Edwards and Richard Edwards.\textsuperscript{8} They may have lived in Brunswick Co, VA, before moving to Orange Co, NC.\textsuperscript{8} Legend says that during the Revolutionary War, John sent three sons to fight with the Loyalists and three to fight with the Rebels, so that the family would survive regardless of the outcome.

1. John, Jr. was married four times.\textsuperscript{8} He married his last wife Lucy E. Curtis on 11/30/1802 in Northumberland Co, VA.\textsuperscript{8} He served with a NC unit in the Revolutionary War.\textsuperscript{8} [b\textsuperscript{8}, d\textsuperscript{8}]

2. David, Sr. married Elizabeth Morris in 1772.\textsuperscript{8} In failing health he performed Civil Service during the Revolutionary War, and may have been a captain in the Continental Army.\textsuperscript{8} He died in Orange Co.\textsuperscript{221} [b\textsuperscript{8,221}, d\textsuperscript{8,221}]

3. Sill [b\textsuperscript{8}, d\textsuperscript{8}]

4. William, Sr. [b\textsuperscript{8}, d\textsuperscript{8}]

5. Henry, Sr. [b\textsuperscript{8}, d\textsuperscript{8}]

6. Susannah married an Odeum according to her father’s will.\textsuperscript{8}

7. Mary married a Campbell according to her father’s will.\textsuperscript{8}
John Edwards, Sr. may have been born in VA, Wales, England, or Scotland in 1720. He died in Orange Co, NC, between 1796 and 1801. Information has been found that John performed Civil Service during the Revolutionary War. His wife Mary (possibly Mary Campbell) died in Orange Co, NC, in 1801.

John Edwards left a will in Orange Co dated 4/2/1796. He leaves everything to his wife Mary. Upon her death, son John is to receive 10 shillings. Daughters Susannah Odeum and Mary Campbell are to receive 10 shillings each. Son David is to receive a negro boy named Tom. Son Sill is to receive a negro boy named Lewis. Son Henry is to receive 5 negros (Jack, Charles, Edey, Dina, and Sall), a negro boy Tom, all household goods, and all his working tools. Son Henry and Sackfield Brewer were appointed executors.
D-19-1 Thomas Day (11). Elizabeth Mary Angellica Day (D-16-2) was the daughter of Thomas Day and his wife Elizabeth.\textsuperscript{234,257}

1. Elizabeth Mary Angellica Day

They probably lived in Spotsylvania Co, VA.\textsuperscript{234}

1. Elizabeth married George Shepherd, Sr. in St. George’s Parish, Spotsylvania Co, VA.\textsuperscript{234}

Thomas Day was married twice: to Dorothy Hudson and to Elizabeth who was murdered.\textsuperscript{234}
D-20-1 Adam Wagoner, Jr. (6). Mahala Wagoner (D-1-3) was the daughter of Adam Wagoner, Jr. and his wife Sarah. They had the following children.

1. Jacob Wagoner 1829 –
3. Matilda Wagoner 1834 –
4. Betsy Wagoner 1837 –
5. Polly Wagoner 1840 –
6. Lucinda Wagoner 1846 –
7. Margaret Wagoner 1848 –

The 1830 Ashe Co, NC, census includes the family of Adam Waggoner: one male (under 5), one male (15-20), and one female (20-30).

The 1840 Ashe Co census includes the family of Adam Waggoner, Jr.: one male (10-15), one male (20-30), three females (under 5), one female (5-10), one female (10-15), and one female (20-30).

The 1850 Ashe Co census includes this family in house #204/204: Adam Waggoner (41, farmer), Sarah (45), Matilda (16), Betsy (13), Polly (10), Lucinda (3), and Margaret (1). Their real estate was valued at $50.

The 1860 Alleghany Co, NC, census includes them twice, both in Gap Civil. First, on p47, #384/300: Adam Waggoner (45, farmer, illiterate), Sarah (45), Polly (20), Lucy (14, in school), and Peggy (11, in school). He had no real estate, but his personal estate was worth $250.

They are also found on p48, #396/311: Adam Waggoner (50, farmer), Sallie (50), Polly (21), Lucy (12, in school), and Peggy (11, in school). He had no real estate, but his personal estate was worth $300.

1. Jacob is likely a child of this family since he is living beside Adam in 1850. The 1850 census lists him with wife Cintha. [(1850 Ashe, #205, age 20)]

2. Mahala married William Billings about 1848. They were living two doors away from her father in 1850. She is buried at Prathers Creek Bap Ch.


4. Betsy

5. Polly married Hampton Pruitt.

6. Lucinda
7. Margaret [b\textsuperscript{212}]

D-20-2 Adam Wagoner, Sr. (7). Adam Wagoner, Jr. appears to be the son of Adam Wagoner, Sr. and his wife.\textsuperscript{212} The censuses suggest that they had at least eight children.\textsuperscript{212}

1. son Wagoner
2. son Wagoner
3. daughter Wagoner
4. daughter Wagoner
5. daughter Wagoner
6. daughter Wagoner
7. daughter Wagoner
8. *Adam Wagoner, Jr. 1809 –

The 1790 Surry Co, NC, census includes the household of Adam Wagoner where there is only one male (over 16).\textsuperscript{212} Apparently he had just moved out on his own and was not yet married.

The 1800 Surry Co census includes the family of Adam Waggoner with two males (under 10), one male (26-45), three females (under 10), and one female (26-45).\textsuperscript{212}

The 1810 Ashe Co, NC, census includes the family of A. Waggoner, p89, with one male (under 10), one male (10-16), one male (16-26), one male (26-45), two females (under 10), two females (10-16), one female (16-26), and one female (26-45).\textsuperscript{212}

The 1830 Ashe Co census includes the family of Adam Waggoner, p30: one male (60-70) and one female (60-70).\textsuperscript{212}

1. A son was born between 1790 and 1800.\textsuperscript{212}
2. A son was born between 1790 and 1800.\textsuperscript{212}
3. A daughter was born between 1790 and 1800.\textsuperscript{212}
4. A daughter was born between 1790 and 1800.\textsuperscript{212}
5. A daughter was born between 1790 and 1800.\textsuperscript{212}
6. A daughter was born between 1800 and 1810.\textsuperscript{212}
7. A daughter was born between 1800 and 1810.\textsuperscript{212}
8. Adam, Jr. married Sarah in the late 1820s, most likely in Ashe Co.
NC Grant #374, entry 900, book 118, p422, was entered on 5/2/1803 to Adam Waggoner on Vile Creek in Ashe Co, for 100 acres on the north side of Buck Knob. (He sold half of this to John Waggoner in 1838, probably his son.)

NC Grant #529, entry 1083, was entered on 4/11/1804 to Adam Waggoner on Little River in Ashe Co for 50 acres. It was witnessed by Henry Waggoner Sr. and Henry Waggoner Jr.

D-20-3 Heinrich (Henry) Wagoner, Sr. (8). Adam Wagoner, Sr. was the son of Heinrich (Henry) Wagoner, Sr. and his wife. They 1790 census suggests they had ten children.

1. *Adam Wagoner, Sr.* 1768 -
2. Henry Wagoner, Jr. 1775 - 1828

It is believed that Heinrich Wagoner, Sr. first lived on Deep Creek in what is now Yadkin Co, but was then Surry Co. About 1801, as an elderly man, he followed his sons up into the mountains of Ashe Co where he spent his final years.

The 1790 Surry Co, NC, census includes the family of Henry Waggoner with three males (over 16), two males (under 16), and seven females.

An important piece of information on the life of Heinrich Wagoner is from a diary kept by Moravian Brother Abraham Steiner who reported on his travels through Deep Creek in Surry Co and then into the mountains of Ashe Co.

5/4/1804. By request I went several miles further and visited a certain Heinrich Wagner, who formerly lived on Deep Creek. He and his wife, elderly people, received me affectionately. In a meeting with a few persons I spoke of the Gospel and Epistle for this, Ascension Day. I spent the night there, and on the 11th, after breakfast, as I was leaving they almost wept aloud, thanked me for the visit, and begged that I would come often. I returned to Mr. Happus, and after a touching farewell with his family, and many requests that I would visit them often, I set out again. Mr. Happus sent his son to show me the path over the mountains into the road leading to Ashe Courthouse. Mountainous as the country is, it is well settled. Many of the families formerly lived near Bethania, and other on Deep Creek. Many of them are of German stock but in their houses English is generally spoken, especially by the younger people.

10/22/1805. Toward noon the neighbors gathered from four miles around, some coming even as much as eight or nine miles. The people here are not accustomed to singing, but among those who had come from a distance there was one young man who was willing to lead in common metre. I showed him several hymns in our hymn book which could be sung to that tune, but he was afraid to try words with which he was not familiar, and suggested that he would line out and the singing of hymns that he knew by heart. To this I assented, and he led two good hymns, one before and one after the sermon. Daniel Happus,
Heinrich Wagner Sr. and William Alford announced another preaching Friday in the house of Heinrich Wagner Jr.

10/25/1805. I rode with the elder Wagner four miles to his son Heinrich’s house. The day was so raw and cold that one could scarcely get warm, it had snowed the preceding day. The house was fairly well filled, and a Mr. Chapel(l), who lives six miles from that place, led the singing.

1. Adam, Sr. was born between 1765 and 1770 according to censuses from 1790 to 1830.\textsuperscript{212} He probably died between 1830 and 1840.\textsuperscript{212}

2. Henry, Jr. was born between 1774 and 1784 according to censuses from 1800 to 1820.\textsuperscript{212}

[(1800 Ashe)\textsuperscript{212}; (1810 Ashe, p89)\textsuperscript{212}]

Heinrich probably died by 1806 as suggested in a deed.\textsuperscript{384}

On 5/10/1802, Henry Waggoner received 100 acres on the head of Corn Camp Creek of Little River. It was witnessed by Adam Waggoner and Jacob Brinegar. (NC Grant #20, entry 682, Bk 118, p417).\textsuperscript{384}

In May 1802, Henry Waggoner received 50 acres on the head of Corn Camp Creek of Little River. It was witnessed by Adam Waggoner and Jacob Brinegar. (NC Grant #500, entry 681, Bk 118, p417).\textsuperscript{384}

On 11/5/1803, Henry Waggoner received land on Dog Creek, a branch of New River. (NC Grant #405, entry 1074, Bk 118, p11).\textsuperscript{384}

On 11/5/1803, Henry Waggoner received 150 acres on Glade Creek. (NC Grant #404, entry 837, Bk 113, p6).\textsuperscript{384}

In 1806, a deed from Henry Waggoner to Adam Waggoner was duly proven in open court by the oath of Jas. Maxwell for 250 acres. The fact that the sale of the land was proven by oath in court suggests that perhaps Henry Sr was either senile or deceased and could not verify the transaction for himself.\textsuperscript{384}

While it is believed that Henry Wagoner Sr. had died by 1806, this grant may prove useful in distinguishing between other members of this family. On 11/16/1829, Henry Waggoner received 125 acres on the north side of Peach Bottom Mountain, near Adam Waggoner’s line on Locust Ridge. It was witnessed by Henry Waggoner Jr and James Maxwell. (NC Grant #1743, entry 5933, Bk 139, p401).\textsuperscript{384}

There are at least three Wagoners listed in the 1800 Surry Co census. They are not necessarily related, and more research is needed.

• Adam Waggoner (20010-30010), believed to be our ancestor
• John Wagoner (20010-00100)
• William Waggoner (00001-00001)